

TEXAS PREVENTION INSTITUTE

TEXAS CENTER FOR HEALTH DISPARITIES

NIMHD* CENTER OF EXCELLENCE: COMMUNITY OUTREACH CORE*

BREAST CANCER IN TARRANT COUNTY: Screening, Incidence, Mortality, and Stage at Diagnosis

Updated January 2014

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MAMMOGRAMS

SUMMARY

Historically, Tarrant County has had higher overall mammogram

rates than Texas and the US, even with a decline from 2004 to 2010.

Mammogram rates for all racial/ethnic groups in Tarrant County have decreased from 2004 to 2010, with the most dramatic decrease occurring among Hispanic women who experienced close to a 16% decrease.

Of all racial/ethnic groups in Tarrant County, Black women reported the highest percentage of mammography screening in 2009/2010.

Roughly half of all zip codes in Tarrant County have a mammogram screening percentage ranging from 64.0 to 96.8%.

Northeast Tarrant County has the highest percentage of women receiving a mammogram in comparison to other parts of Tarrant County.

Similar to state and national trends, the highest incidence of breast cancer in Tarrant County is among White women, followed by Black women, then Hispanic women.

In Tarrant County, the incidence of breast cancer increases with age for all racial/ethnic groups, but does not increase at the same rate for all racial/ethnic groups.

In Tarrant County, among women in the age groups of 40-44 and 55-59, Black women have the highest incidence of breast cancer. White women have the highest incidence of breast cancer in all other age groups.

In Tarrant County, the incidence of breast cancer among older women (50+) is higher than Texas, but lower than the United States.

In Tarrant County, the zip codes with the highest counts of newly-diagnosed cases of breast cancer were 76133 (n=131), 75052 (n=110), 76116 (n=108), 76063 (n=100), and 76021 (n=94). Due to small sample sizes, no valid zip code comparisons can be made with current data.

CIDENCE

IORTALIT

In both Texas and Tarrant County, Malignant Neoplasms (cancer) are the second-leading cause of death among White women and Black women, and the first-leading cause of death among Hispanic women and women of other race/ethnicity.

Also in line with state and national trends, Black women are 1.5 times more likely to die from breast cancer than White women, and 2.5 times more likely to die from breast cancer than Hispanic women.

In Tarrant County, Black women have a lower 5 and 10-year survival rate than all other women. Survival rates may be affected by many factors such as socioeconomic status, access to care, or diet.

The overall mortality rates of older women (55+) with breast cancer are fairly similar across Tarrant County, Texas, and the United States.

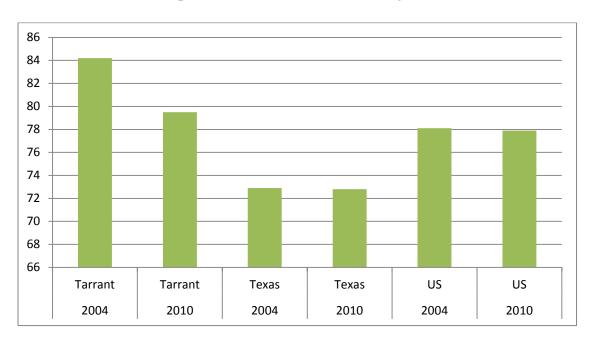
STAGE AT DIAGNOSI

In Tarrant County, Hispanic women are more likely to be diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer (38.6%) than Black women (36.7%). This is unique compared to Texas and the United States, where Black women are most likely to be diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer than other ethnic groups.

In Tarrant County, the percentage of older women (55+) that are diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer is slightly lower than Texas, but similar to the United States.

MAMMOGRAPHY

Mammogram within Past Two years, Age 50+*, in Tarrant County, Texas, United States, Comparison of 2004 and 2009/2010

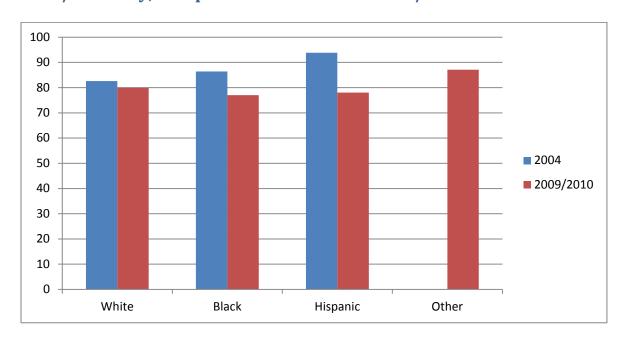


* Guidelines set forth by United States Preventive Service Task Force

Source: Tarrant County Public Health and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey Data. Atlanta, Georgia: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2000-2010;

Historically, Tarrant County has had higher overall mammogram rates than Texas and the US, even with a decline from 2004 to 2010.

Mammogram within Past Two Tears, Age 50+*, Tarrant County, by Race/Ethnicity, Comparison of 2004 and 2009/2010

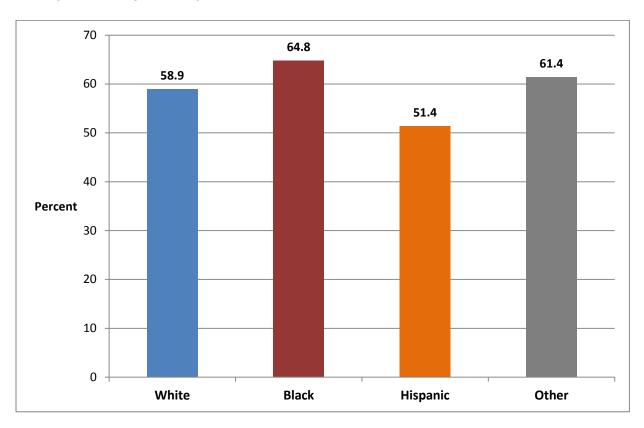


* Guidelines put forth by United States Preventative Task Force

Data for the category "Other" was not available in 2004. Estimates weighted to population characteristics. Source: Tarrant County Public Health

Mammogram rates for all racial/ethnic groups in Tarrant County have decreased from 2004 to 2010, with the most dramatic decrease occurring among Hispanic women who experienced close to a 16% decrease.

Mammogram within Past Year, Age 40+*, Tarrant County, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009/2010

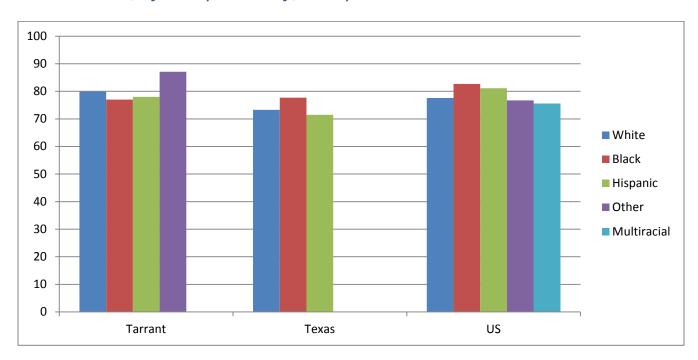


* Guidelines put forth by American Cancer Society. Estimates weighted to population characteristics

Source: Tarrant County Public Health

Of all racial/ethnic groups in Tarrant County, Black women reported the highest percentage of mammography screening in 2009/2010.

Mammogram within Past Two years, Age 50+*, in Tarrant County, Texas, United States, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009/2010



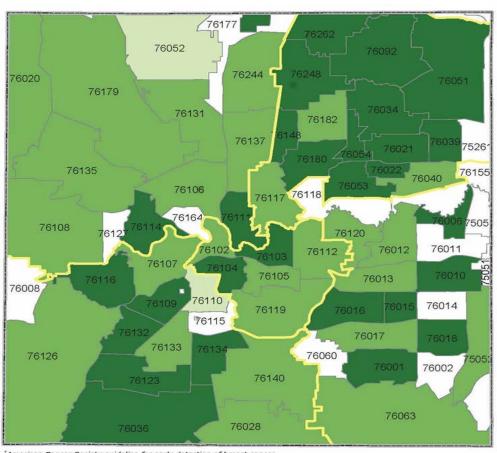
• Guidelines set forth by the United States Preventative Services Task Force

Data for the category "Other" was not available for Texas.

Data for the category "Multiracial" was only available for the US.

Mammogram rates in Tarrant County are fairly similar across different racial/ethnic groups.

Mammogram within Past Year, Age 40+*, Tarrant County by Zip Code, 2009/2010



Roughly half of all zip codes in Tarrant County have a mammogram screening percentage ranging from 64.0% to 96.8%.

American Cancer Society guideline for early detection of breast cancer

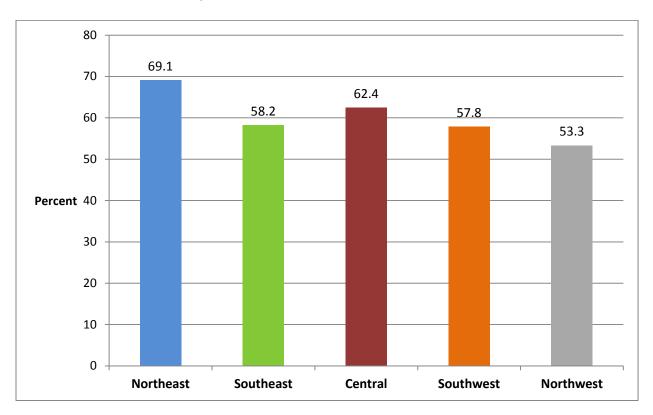
These data were prepared by Tarrant County Public Health for its use, and may be revised any time, without notification. Tarrant County Public Health does not guarantee the correctness or accuracy of any features on this map. Tarrant County assumes no responsibility in connection therewith. Said data should not be edited by anyone other than designated personnel, or through written approval by GIS Manager. These data are for informational purposes only and should not create liability on the part of Tarrant County Government, any officer and/or employees thereof.



Tarrant County BRFSS, 2009/2010

* Guidelines put forth by American Cancer Society

Mammogram within Past Year, Age 40+*, Tarrant County, Comparing Different Areas, 2009/2010



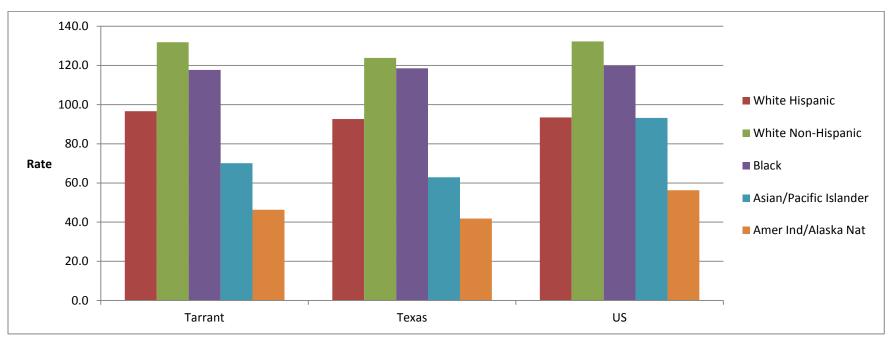
^{*}Guidelines put forth by American Cancer Society

Estimates weighted to population characteristics Source: Tarrant County Public Health

Northeast Tarrant County has the highest percentage of women receiving a mammogram in comparison to other parts of Tarrant County.

INCIDENCE

Average Annual Breast Cancer Incidence Rates, Tarrant, Texas and United States, Comparison by race and ethnicity*, 2005-2009

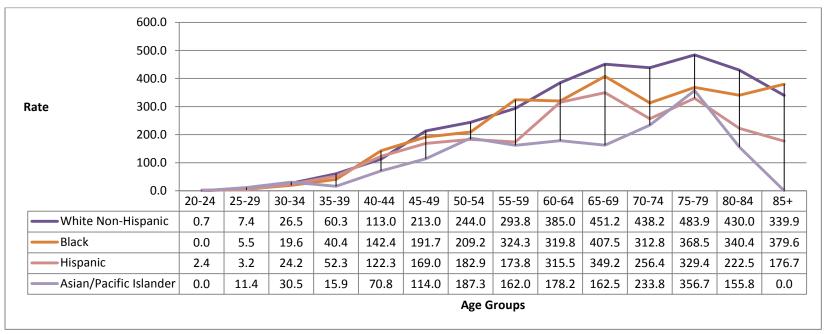


^{*}Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 US Std Population (19 age groups - Census P25-1130) standard; Confidence intervals are 95% for rates.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12251. 10/19/2012. Texas Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5. SEER (U.S.) Incidence Source: Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results Program (SEER); Incidence - SEER 18 Regs Research Data + Hurricane Katrina Impacted Louisiana Cases, Nov 2011 Sub, Vintage 2009 Pops (2000-2009) <Katrina/Rita Population Adjustment:

Similar to state and national trends, the highest incidence of breast cancer in Tarrant
County is among White women, followed by Black women, then Hispanic women.



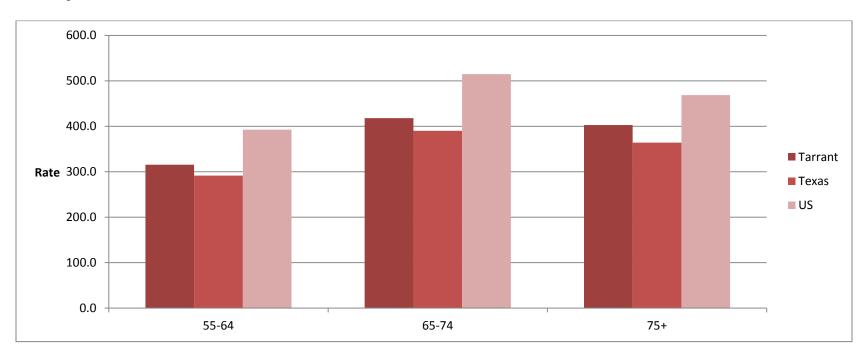


^{*}Rates are per 100,000.

In Tarrant County, the incidence of breast cancer increases with age for all racial/ethnic groups, but does not increase at the same rate for all racial/ethnic groups.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12253. 10/29/2012. Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5

Average Annual Breast Cancer Age-Specific Incidence Rates, Among Older Women (55+) in Tarrant County and Texas*, 2005-2009



^{*}Rates are per 100,000; Confidence intervals are 95% for rates.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12288. 12/20/2012. Texas Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5

In Tarrant County, among women in the age groups of 40-44 and 55-59, Black women have the highest incidence of breast cancer. White women have the highest incidence of breast cancer in all other age groups.

Counts of Newly-Diagnosed Cases of Female Breast Cancer*, By Selected Zip Codes**, 2007-2009,

ZIP Code	Count
76133	131
75052	110
76116	108
76063	100
76021	94
76051	87
76112	83
76248	81
76017	78
76109	72
76012	71
76016	71
76179	70
76108	65
76013	64
76180	64
76244	63
76053	62
76092	62
76137	62
76119	61
76020	57
76107	57
76034	56
76001	54

710.0		
ZIP Code	Count	
76039	54	
76134	53	
76132	51	
76182	51	
76117	50	
76114	49	
76140	48	
76126	47	
76262	46	
76135	44	
76022	43	
76010	41	
76110	41	
76148	40	
76011	36	
76018	36	
76106	36	
76123	36	
76002	34	
76014	33	
76040	33	
76054	31	
76104	31	
76111	30	
76015	29	

ZIP Code	Count		
76131	29		
76006	25		
76036	25		
76118	25		
76103	23		
76115	22		
76120	22		
76105	21		
76052	19		
76060	17		
76164	16		
75054	8		
76102	8		
76155	3		
76177	3		
76094	2		
76007	1		
76095	1		
76127	1		
76162	1		
76163	1		

Please note: Due to small numbers of cases, zip code data is non-comparable, since these numbers represent cases and not ratios.

*Only includes malignant cases (there may have been other cases diagnosed at earliest insitu stage, but these are not included)

**Any missing zip codes means that there were no new cases diagnosed during this time period

Source: Texas Cancer Registry Incidence File, 1995-2009, cutoff 11/2011. Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Source data for "Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5

MORTALITY

Leading Causes of Death of Women in Tarrant County, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009

White	Black	Hispanic	Other
n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)
Diseases of the Heart	Diseases of the Heart	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms
913 (22.6, 159.1)	168 (23.1, 216.7)	93 (22.1, 117.5)	38 (26.2, 111.9)
Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms	Diseases of the Heart	Diseases of the Heart
900 (22.3, 167.3)	157 (21.6, 184.7)	65 (15.5, 127.5)	27 (18.6, 84.1)
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	Cerebrovascular Diseases	Cerebrovascular Diseases	Cerebrovascular Diseases
316 (7.78, 57.6)	48 (6.6, 65.5)	20 (4.8, 38.8)	8 (5.5, ?)
Cerebrovascular Diseases	Diabetes Mellitus	Diabetes Mellitus	Accidents
288 (7.1, 49.6)	28 (3.9, 37.6)	18 (4.3, ?)	8 (5.5, ?)
Alzheimer's Disease	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Accidents	Diabetes Mellitus
165 (4.1, 28.3)	26 (3.6, 28.9)	15 (3.6, ?)	6 (4.1, ?)
Accidents	Accidents	Certain Conditions Originating in Perinatal Period	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
122 (3, 23.5)	24 (3.3, 23.7)	15 (3.6, ?)	5 (3.4, ?)
Influenza and Pneumonia	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Influenza and Pneumonia
86 (2.1, 15)	23 (3.2, 25.2)	13 (3.1, ?)	4 (2.8, ?)
Diabetes Mellitus	Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal Disease	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	Assault (Homicide)
77 (1.9, 13.9)	18 (2.5, ?)	13 (3.1, ?)	4 (2.8, ?)
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Septicemia	Congential Malformations, Deformations, & Chromosomal Abnormalities	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis
60 (1.5, 10.5)	17 (2.3, ?)	13 (3.1, ?)	3 (2.1, ?)
Septicemia	Alzheimer's Disease	Alzheimer's Disease	Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis
56 (1.4, 10.4)	16 (2.2, ?)	12 (2.9, ?)	3 (2.1, ?)

n = number of deaths

Rate per 100,000, age-adjusted to 2000 standard population Percent of total deaths attributed to a specific cause Data source: Texas Department of State Health Services

In both Texas and Tarrant County, Malignant Neoplasms (cancer) are the second-leading cause of death among White women and Black women, and the first-leading cause of death among Hispanic women and women of other race/ethnicity.

Leading Causes of Death of Women, Texas, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009

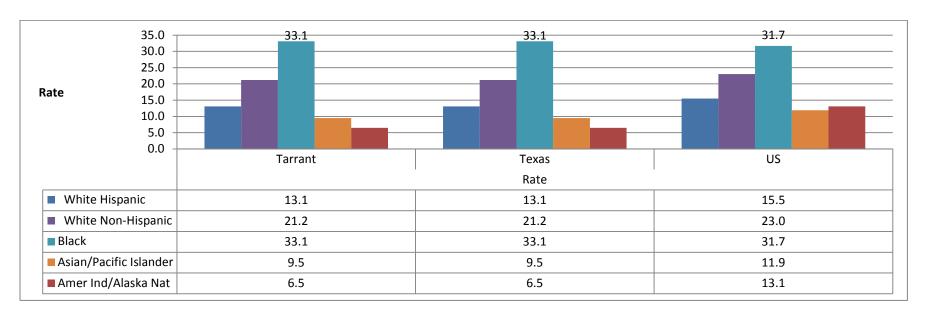
White	Black	Hispanic	Other
n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)	n (% , Rate)
Diseases of the Heart	Diseases of the Heart	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms
12,529 (23, 152.9)	2,176 (22.9, 196.8)	2,830 (20.3, 109.7)	426 (23.8, 100.9)
Malignant Neoplas ms	Malignant Neoplasms	Diseases of the Heart	Diseases of the Heart
11,250 (20.7, 149)	2,108 (22.2, 180.1)	2,825 (20.3, 130.1)	382 (21.3, 113)
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Cerebrovascular Diseases	Cerebrovascular Diseases	Accidents
3,805 (7, 49)	689 (7,2, 63.4)	902 (6.5, 41.3)	128 (7.1, 29.6)
Cerebrovascular Disease	Diabetes Mellitus	Diabetes Mellitus	Cerebrovascular Diseases
3,568 (6.6, 43.3)	435 (4.6, 38.2)	766 (5.5, 33.1)	124 (6.9, 36)
Alzheimer's Disease	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Accidents	Diabetes Mellitus
2,801 (5.1, 32.7)	360 (3.8, 32.9)	597 (4.3, 17.6)	53 (3, 13.2)
Accidents	Accidents	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases
2,316 (4.3, 34.2)	285 (3, 21.3)	524 (3.8, 23.1)	49 (2.7, 12.7)
Influenza and Pneumonia	Alzheimer's Disease	Septicemia	Septicemia
1,216 (2.2, 15)	268 (2.8, 27.3)	400 (2.9, 16.6)	39 (2.2, 9.7)
Diabetes Mellitus	Septicemia	Alzheimer's Disease	Influenza and Pneumonia
1,153 (2.1, 14.9)	260 (2.7, 22.9)	380 (2.7, 20)	37 (2.1, 12)
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	Influenza and Pneumonia	Assault (Homicide)
981 (1.8, 12.3)	240 (2.5, 21.6)	375 (2.7, 15.5)	36 (2, 6.1)
Septicemia	Influenzia and Pneumonia	Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
950 (1.7, 12.3)	187 (2, 16.6)	337 (2.4, 12.6)	36 (2, 6.2)

n = number of deaths

Percent of total deaths attributed to a specific cause Rate per 100,000, age-adjusted to 2000 standard population Data source: Texas Department of State Health Services Also in line with state and national trends, Black women are 1.5 times more likely to die from breast cancer than White women, and 2.5 times more likely to die from breast cancer than Hispanic women.

Average Annual Breast Cancer Mortality Rates, 2005-2009

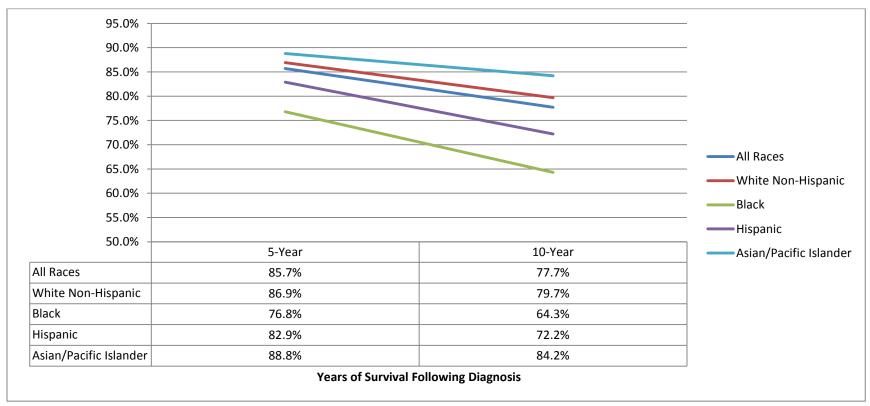
Tarrant, Texas and UNITED STATES Comparison by race and ethnicity



^{*}Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 US Std Population (19 age groups - Census P25-1130)

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12251. 10/19/2012. Texas Mortality Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Mortality - Texas, 1990-2009, SEER Pop-Adj, SEER*Prep 2.4.5, (created 01/25/12). U.S. Mortality Source: Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results Program (SEER); Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With State, Total U.S. (1990-2009) <Katrina/Rita Population Adjustment> Note: These U.S. Rates EXCLUDE Delaware, North Dakota and South Carolina due to lack of Hispanic identification for all years.

Cause-Specific Survival* Following Diagnosis for Female Breast Cancer, Tarrant County Cases by Race and Ethnicity, Diagnosed 1995-2009

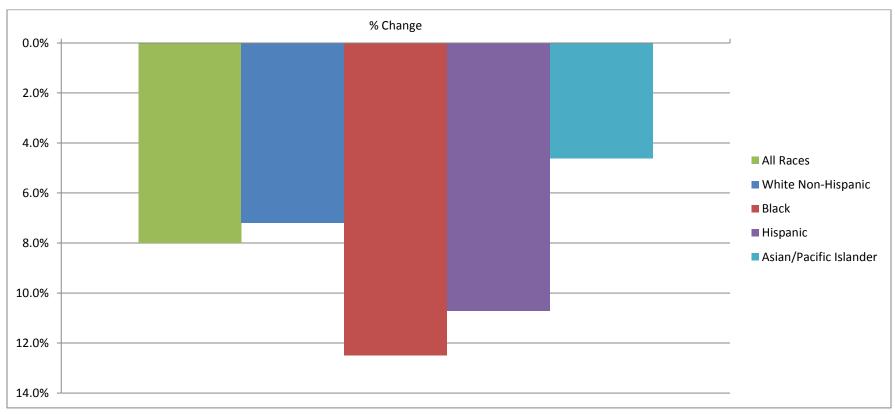


^{*}Excludes death that occur from causes unrelated to breast cancer

Actuarial method. Confidence interval: Log(-Log()) Transformation. The level is 95%. Cases were of female breast cancer diagnosed in residents of Tarrant County, Texas, 1995-2009, and followed through December, 2009. Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12253. 10/29/201.2 Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5

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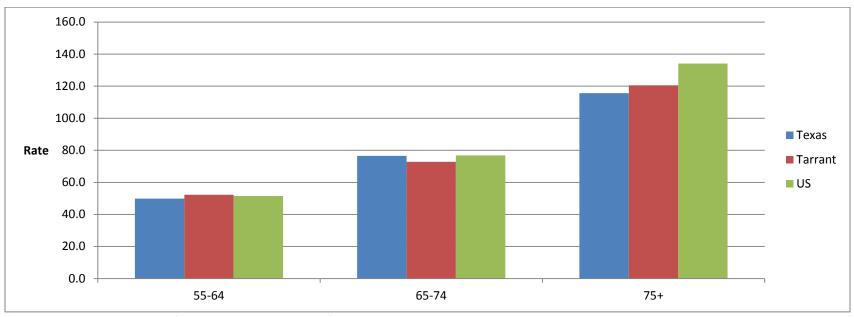
% Change in Cause-Specific Survival* between Year 5 and Year 10 Following Diagnosis for Female Breast Cancer, Tarrant County by Race and Ethnicity, Cases Diagnosed 1995-2009



^{*}Excludes death that occur from causes unrelated to breast cancer

Actuarial method. Confidence interval: Log(-Log()) Transformation. The level is 95%. Cases were of female breast cancer diagnosed in residents of Tarrant County, Texas, 1995-2009, and followed through December, 2009. Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12253. 10/29/2012. Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5

Average Annual Breast Cancer Age-Specific Mortality Rates, Among Older Women (55+) in Tarrant County, Texas, United States*, 2005-2009



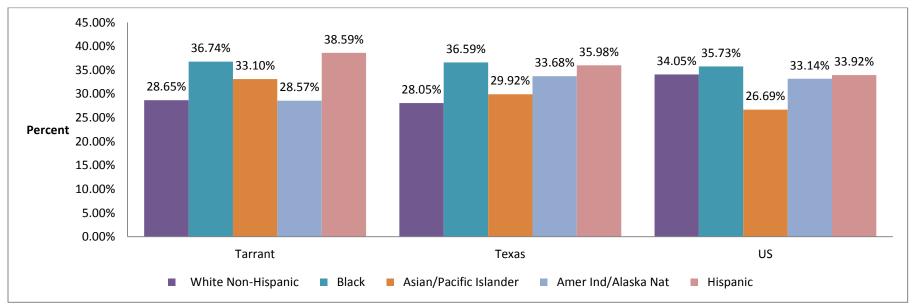
^{*}Rates are per 100,000; Confidence intervals are 95% for rates.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12288. 12/20/2012. Texas Mortality Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Mortality - Texas, 1990-2009, SEER Pop-Adj, SEER*Prep 2.4.5, (created 01/25/12).

The overall mortality rates of older women (55+) with breast cancer are fairly similar across Tarrant County, Texas, and the Unit States.

STAGE AT DIAGNOSIS

Late Stage* Breast Cancer Distribution, Tarrant, Texas and United States, Comparison by race and ethnicity, 1995-2009

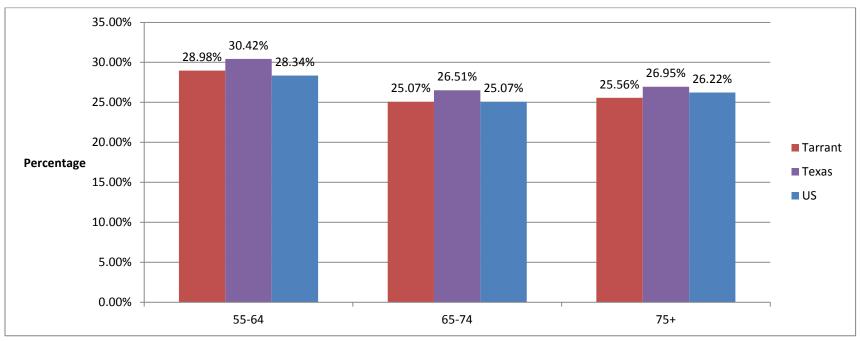


^{*}Late stage defined as regional or distant.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12251. 10/19/2012. Texas Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11, SEER*Prep 2.4.5. SEER (U.S.) Incidence Source: Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results Program (SEER); Incidence - SEER 18 Regs Research Data + Hurricane Katrina Impacted Louisiana Cases, Nov 2011 Sub, Vintage 2009 Pops (2000-2009) <Katrina/Rita Population Adjustment:

In Tarrant County, Hispanic women are more likely to be diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer (38.6%) than Black women (36.7%). This is unique compared to Texas and the United States, where Black women are most likely to be diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer than other ethnic groups.

Late Stage* Distribution of Breast Cancer Among Older Women, in Texas and Tarrant County Females, 2005-2009



*Late stage defined as regional or distant.

In Tarrant County, the percentage of older women (55+) that are diagnosed with late-stage breast cancer is slightly lower than Texas, but similar to the United States.

Prepared by the Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry. Data Request # 12288. 12/20/2012. Texas Incidence Source: Texas Department of State Health Services, Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Cancer Registry, Incidence - Texas, 1995-2009, Cut-off 11-23-11,SEER*Prep 2.4.5