Comparing Dual Phone Type Respondents from Cell Sample vs Landline Sample in Oregon’s 2011 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)

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Presenter Disclosures

Kathryn Pickle

The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months:

No relationships to disclose
Goals of this Presentation

• Explain Oregon’s dual frame sampling for BRFSS
• Describe differences between dual phone type respondents from landline and cell phone samples
• Discuss pros and cons of including dual phone type respondents from both sampling frames

Introduction

• CDC BRFSS newer protocol: dual frame sampling (landline and cell)
• Cell sample—interview respondents who only have cell phone, no landline
• Limited use of cell sample because:
  – Cost differential: 3:1 cell vs landline
  – Frame Overlap and weighting issues
  – Issues related to cell phones
Why Including a Cell Sample is Important:
Cell-only by State, 2010

OR: 31%


Phone Types, Oregon Adults, July 2009- June 2010

• No phone: 2%
• Landline only: 12%
• Cell only: 31%
• Landline and Cell: 56% have both

How most calls are received for those with both:
• Cell-mostly: 27% of dual
• Both equally: 32%
• Landline-mostly: 41%

Oregon’s Cell Sample

- In 2011, Oregon interviewed cell-only AND dual phone type respondents in cell sample
- Why?
  - What if dual phone type (DPT) respondents reached by cell phone are different from DPT respondents reached by landline?
  - Concerns that potential bias might not be addressed by weighting factors
  - Lower cost differential
Landline Sample Under-Represents Some Population Groups (Oregon, 2011)

Key Demographic Factors for Dual Phone Type Respondents: Reached by Landline versus Cell

Weighted 2011 Oregon BRFSS
Adjusted Differences between DPT Respondents Reached by Landline versus Cell

- When all factors are taken into account, Dual Phone Type respondents reached by Cell remain different.
  - Logistic models included age, sex, race, education, marital status, and home ownership status.
  - Compared to Landline Duals, Cell Duals are more likely to be male, younger, rent their homes, and have higher education level.
Health Indicators for Dual Phonetype Respondents, Reached by Landline vs Cell

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>LL-Dual N=2,013</th>
<th>Cell-Dual N=956</th>
<th>P-value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health Status-Fair or Poor</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not have health insurance</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>14.2%</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity (BMI &gt;=30.0)</td>
<td>26.9%</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
<td>0.94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weighted 2011 Oregon BRFSS

Summary

- Demographic characteristics were different for DPT respondents reached by cell versus those reached by landline.
- Bivariate estimates of health status and obesity were similar between groups.
- Lack of health insurance was higher among Cell-reached DPT respondents, and this association remained after adjustment for demographics in a logistic model. (OR=1.4, p=0.07)
Discussion

• Few differences were found in three health outcomes by contact method, but an important next step will be to conduct analyses with other health outcomes.

• Including Cell-reached DPT respondents will help to increase the raw numbers of males and younger adults in the sample.

• We should consider keeping this Cell-reached dual phone type group in our pool of eligible respondents, because Cell-reached dual phone type respondents are less easily reached by landline.

Thanks!

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Cell-Mostly: Population Estimate versus Two BRFSS Options (weighted data)

- NHIS: 27% cell mostly, 73% other
- 2011 BRFSS w/Cell-dual: 29% cell mostly, 71% other
- 2011 BRFSS w/o Cell-Dual: 17% cell mostly, 83% other
Factors Included in Raked Weighting

Raking adjusts for one factor at a time, but in multiple cycles, or iterations, until data converge to the population estimates.

DPT Respondents: Reached by Landline or Cell

2011 Oregon BRFSS (unweighted)
Landline versus Cell Sample:
Dual Phone and Cell-only

2011 Oregon BRFSS (unweighted)