Implementing the Business Case for Breastfeeding across a multi-city region:
One approach to a health reform mandate and beyond

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#### **Presenter Disclosures**

#### Elisabeth Wallace, MPH

The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months:

No relationships to disclose

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#### **About CINCH**



- The Consortium for Infant and Child Health (CINCH) is a child health coalition with 200+ members serving Hampton Roads, VA, and housed at Eastern Virginia Medical School (EVMS).
- <u>Mission</u>: Engaging the community to improve children's health in Hampton Roads
- Focus: Policy, Systems, Environmental Change



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#### **Learning Objectives**

- 1. Identify four components of a comprehensive worksite lactation support program.
- Identify three approaches to employers regarding establishing a lactation support program for employees.
- 3. List at least three factors employers must consider in establishing a lactation support program for employees.
- Describe at least two program evaluation methods used to follow progress and determine effectiveness of this program.



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#### **Business Case for Breastfeeding Project**

- September 2010 through October 2011
- <u>Primary Goal</u>: Implement worksite lactation support programs with at least 10 employers in South Hampton Roads, Virginia
- Evaluate sustainability of changes
- Coalition building for breastfeeding promotion
- Community Dialogues on breastfeeding & working

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#### **Funding Support**

- Virginia Department of Health's CHAMPION Program (<u>Commonwealth's Healthy Approach</u> and <u>Mobilization Plan for Inactivity, Obesity and</u> Nutrition)
- American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA)
   Communities Putting Prevention to Work



### Why worksite lactation support?

- · Impact of breastfeeding on infant health
- Impact of working on mother's decision to breastfeed
- Affordable Care Act of 2010 emphasis on prevention

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#### Health Reform Law

## SEC. 4207. REASONABLE BREAK TIME FOR NURSING MOTHERS

Section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- (1) An employer shall provide—
  - '(A) a REASONABLE BREAK TIME for an employee to express breast milk for her nursing child for 1 year after the child's birth each time such employee has need to express the milk; and
  - "(B) a PLACE, OTHER THAN A BATHROOM, that is SHIELDED FROM VIEW AND FREE FROM INTRUSION from coworkers and the public, which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.

From: Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, 2010, http://docs.house.gov/rules/hr4872/111\_hr3590\_engrossed.pdf



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#### Health Reform Law

### SEC. 4207. REASONABLE BREAK TIME FOR NURSING

Section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(2) An EMPLOYER SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO COMPENSATE an employee receiving reasonable break time for any work time spent for such purpose.
- "(3) An employer that employs less than 50 employees shall not be subject to the requirements of this subsection, if such requirements would impose an UNDUE HARDSHIP....
- "(4) Nothing in this subsection shall preempt a STATE LAW THAT PROVIDES GREATER PROTECTIONS to employees....

From: Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, 2010, http://docs.house.gov/rules/hr4872/111\_hr3590\_engrossed.pdf

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#### **Business Case for Breastfeeding Toolkit**

- DHHS HRSA (2008)
- · Resources for:
  - Employers
  - Advocates
  - Breastfeeding Employees



www.womenshealth.gov/breastfeeding/government-programs/business-case-for-breastfeeding/



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# Worksite Lactation Support Program Components

- Private Space
- Flexible Breaks
- Education
- Support



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### **Outreach Approaches**

- 1. Target mid-size to large employers of women of childbearing age
- Recruit participation of 'partner' organizations first
- 3. Direct contact by phone, email, in person
- Healthcare Reform seminars, Workplace Wellness conference



### Implementation Approaches

- In-person consultation and site visit at workplace to introduce BC4BF toolkit & Project
- 6. Lactation Assessment Form
- 7. Free technical assistance
- 8. Eligibility criteria for limited-time Incentives



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### **Eligibility Criteria for Incentives**

- 1. Lactation Program Assessment
- 2. Lactation Support Policy
- 3. Designated Lactation Area
- 4. Procedures
- 5. Company-wide Promotion
- 6. Employer Spotlight



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### The "Sell" - Benefits to Business

- · Compliance with FLSA
- Wellness Initiative
  - increased productivity
  - decreased absenteeism
  - improved staff morale
  - cost savings
- Competitive Employee Benefit
- Community Role Model



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#### **Human Resources Considerations**

- Accommodating flexible breaks and addressing 'extra' time needed in policies
- Identifying private spaces & access options
- Options for room furnishings and equipment maintenance
- Promoting the Lactation Support Program with new and existing employees
- Long-term sustainability



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#### Challenges

- Competing demands low priority
- Contentment with status quo
- Eligibility Criteria too demanding?
- Brief project timeframe
- Identifying an effective champion



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#### Successes

- 17 businesses were at least minimally engaged
- 16 participated in face-to-face consultations
- 15 completed baseline Lactation Assessment Form
- 14 made implementation progress during project timeframe
- 13 affected by 8 drafted/adopted policies
- 14 created/upgraded 17 lactation rooms



The Businesses/Employers			
Lactation Program Assessment Descriptive Results Business Description Items Count		Table 1	
	Count	Percent	
Type of Business or Organization	n = 15	%	
Health	12	80%	
Education	4	27%	
Government	3	20%	
Recreation/Fitness	1	. 7%	
Other	3	20%	
Role of Respondent			
Human Resources Manager or Staff	7	47%	
Program Manager	3	20%	
Occupational Health Manager or Clinician	2	13%	
Other	3	20%	

The Businesses/Employ	ers	
Lactation Program Assessment Descriptive Results		Table 1 cont'd.
Business Size	n = 15	%
Small (1-99 employees)	3	20%
Mid-sized (100-499 employees)	4	279
Large (500 or more employees)	8	53%
Estimated Potential Impact	Count	Range
Female Employees, age 16-44	>4,619	15 to 842
Male Employees age 16-44	1,353	3 to 233
New Babies - Annual Estimate	213	1 to 50

#### **Evaluation Measures**

- 1. Level of Engagement with Project
- 2. Stage of Change TransTheoretical Model of Behavior Change adapted for organizations,
- 3. Comprehensiveness of Lactation Support Program Components
- 4. Level of Policy Development
- 5. Changes in Physical Environment
- 6. Changes in Social Environment



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#### **BC4BF Evaluation Ratings**

- Engagement (E) of businesses/employers with BC4BF
   Project Minimal Engagement = 1; Engagement = 2; Moderate
   Engagement = 3; High Engagement = 4
- Stage of Organizational Change (TTM) Pre-contemplation = 1; Contemplation = 2; Preparation = 3; Action = 4; Maintenance = 5
- Implementation/Level of Comprehensiveness of Lactation
   Support Program (Comp) Unsatisfactory: No Lactation Support =
   1; Satisfactory: Basic Model (2 required items) = 2; Superior:
   Basic Model plus (3 or more items) = 3

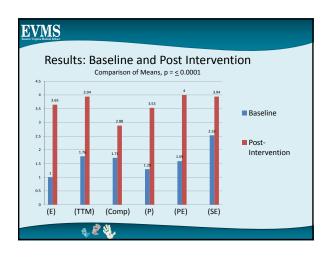


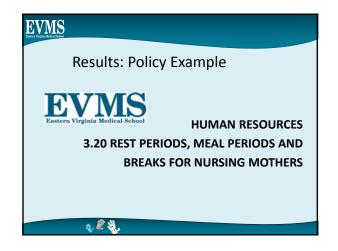
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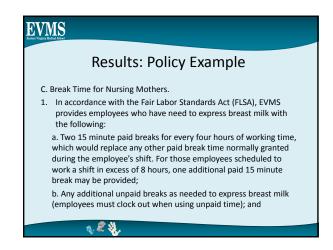
#### **BC4BF Evaluation Ratings**

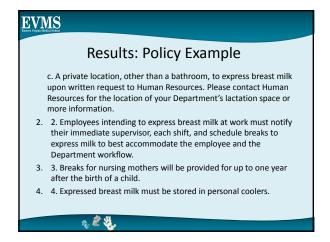
- Policy (P): CHANGE Rating Not Identified as a problem = 1; Problem identification gaining agenda status = 2; Policy formulation and adoption = 3; Written policy and implementation = 4; Policy evaluation and enforcement = 5
- Physical Environment (PE): CHANGE Rating No elements in place = 1; Few elements in place = 2; Some elements in place = 3; Most elements in place = 4; All elements in place = 5
- Social Environment (SE): CHANGE Rating No support or negative support in place = 1; Neutral or some support emerging = 2; Positive support, some encouragement for using BF facilities = 3; Active support, absence of criticism = 4; Enthusiastic support communicated = 5

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### Implications for Implementing Health Reform

- Implementation support useful for large and small employers
- Interest from an external catalyst can accelerate internal compliance & advance comprehensiveness of LSP
- Employers gain LSP expertise quickly with BC4BF Toolkit resources
- Importance of flexibility and adaptation as no two situations are identical, even within a large parent organization (e.g. hospital system)
- Emphasize WIN-WIN-WIN: Healthier babies, employees, business bottom line

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### **Next Steps**

- Seek financial support to continue promotion, coordination and technical assistance
- · Outreach to more businesses
- Expand coalition component
- Expand support for parents
- Promote breastfeeding-friendly community
- Monitor health impacts
- Publicity



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